

Triple Output 3W DC/DC Converters



FEATURES

- RoHS compliant
- Triple outputs (-24V, -48V & -72V)
- Input/output isolation 1kVDC
- Power sharing on outputs
- Industrial temperature range
- UL 94V-0 package material
- Internal SMD construction
- Toroidal magnetics
- No external components required
- Power density 1.65W/cm³

DESCRIPTION

The NMT series is a range of DC/DC converters offering three output voltages of -24V, -48V and -72V from a single isolated 5V or 12V input voltage. The product is designed for use with telecommunications circuits requiring an on board supply for the -72V RING-TIP connection service generated from a nominal 5V or 12V DC input supply rail. The device also offers battery level voltages of -24V and -48V for access control and data pump IC's. The product is packaged in an 8 pin SIP case for minimum PCB footprint. The rated power may be shared or drawn from any one output providing the total output load does not exceed 3W.

SELECTION GUIDE								
	Nominal		Rated	Output Current ¹		Output Current ²		
Order Code	Input Voltage	Output	Output Current	MIN. Load	Full Load	MIN. Load	Full Load	MTTF ³
	V		V	mA	mA	mA	mA	kHrs
	5	-Vout1	-24	1.4	42	4.2	126	
NMT0572SC		-Vout2	-48	0.7	21	2.1	63	145
		- V out3	-72	0.5	14	1.4	42	
NMT1272SC		-Vout1	-24	1.4	42	4.2	126	
	12	-V 0UT2	-48	0.7	21	2.1	63	145
		-V 0UT3	-72	0.5	14	1.4	42	

When operated **with** additional external load capacitance the rise time of the input voltage will determine the maximum external capacitance value for guaranteed start up. The slower the rise time of the input voltage the greater the maximum value of the additional external capacitance for reliable start up.

INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Parameter	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Units	
Voltago rango	NMT0572SC	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	
Voltage range	NMT1272SC	10.8	12	13.2		
Dipple ourrent (I)	NMT0572SC		85		mA	
Ripple current (IRIPPLE)	NMT1272SC		66			
Zero load input current	NMT0572SC, 0% output load		50	80	m A	
(Icczl)	NMT1272SC, 0% output load		27.5	50	mA	

OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Parameter	ameter Conditions		TYP.	MAX.	Units	
Total Rated Power (Pout)	Total of all outputs or any single output	Total of all outputs or any single output 0.1		3.0	W	
Single Channel Voltage Set	Pout = 100mW	0		10	%	
Point Accuracy	Pout = 3W	-7.5		2.5	70	
Output Voltage Vou-1	Pout = 100mW	24		26.4		
Output Voltage - Vour1	Pout = 3W	22.2		24.6		
Output Voltage - Vout2	Pout = 100mW	48		52.8	v	
	Pout = 3W	44.4		49.2	1 V	
Output Voltage V2	Pout = 100mW	72		79.2		
Output Voltage - Vout3	Pout = 3W	66.6		73.8		
Line regulation	V _{IN} = 90% to 110% of nominal		1.01	1.2	0/	
Load regulation	Pout = 100mW to 3W		8	15	%	
Ripple & Noise DC to 20MHz single channel (24V)			220	400	mV	

ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS						
Parameter	eter Conditions		TYP.	MAX.	Units	
Isolation test voltage	Flash tested for 1 second	1000			VDC	
Indiction Conscitance	NMT0572SC, 1MHz, 1V		65		ъг	
Isolation Capacitance	NMT1272SC, 1MHz, 1V		130		pF	
Insulation Resistance	1000VDC	1	10		GΩ	

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS		
Short-circuit protection⁴	1 second	
Lead temperature 1.5mm from case for 10 seconds	300°C	
Input Voltage V _{IN} , NMT0572SC	7V	
Input voltage V _{IN} , NMT1272SC	15V	

- 1. Assuming all 3 channels are equally loaded.
- 2. Assuming only 1 channel is loaded.
- 3. Calculated using MIL-HDBK-217F with nominal input voltage at full load.
- 4. Supply voltage must be disconnected at the end of the short circuit duration.

All specifications typical at TA=25°C, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise specified.



GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
Efficiency	All channels or any single channel	75	85		%	
Switching frequency			85		kHz	

TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS						
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
Operating temperature		-40		85		
Storage		-50		125	°C	
Case temperature rise above ambient	1 litre static air chamber		27		10	

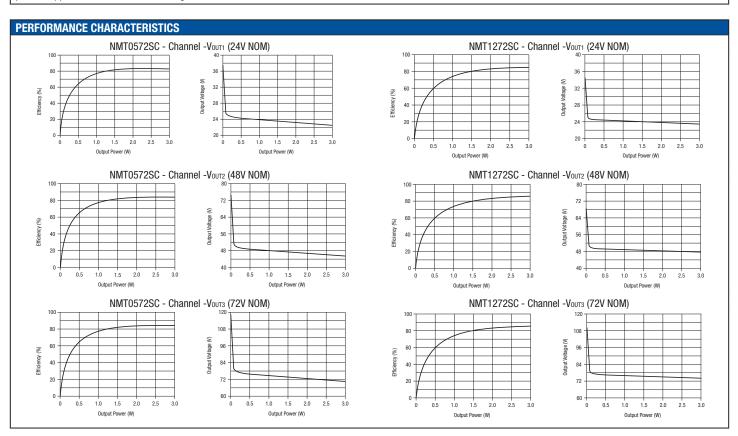
OUTPUT VOLTAGE CONFIGURATION

Although the output is described for negative rails, the input and output circuits are iternally isolated hence positive rails can also be generated, or a mixture of positive and negative. The output +Vout rail reference can be taken from any of the output terminals to give the range of outputs as described in the Output Voltage Configurations table below.

Channel Name	Standard Ref	Option 1	Option 2	Option 3
+V ou T	OV	+24V	+48V	+72V
-Vout1	-24V	OV	+24V	+48V
- V 0UT2	-48V	-24V	OV	+24V
- V out3	-72V	-48V	-24V	OV

POWER SHARING

The 3W total power delivery can be taken from either a single channel, or from any combination of all three channels. This allows an enormous amount of flexibility, especially when combined with the selectable output OV reference. For example, using the option 2 output configuration; -24V at 0.5W, +24V at 1W and +48V at 1.5W power supplies are available from a single NMT device.



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APPLICATION NOTES

RIPPLE SPECIFICATION

The output ripple for the NMT series is higher than standard for SHINHOM Technologies DC/DC converter. This is due to using low value ceramic capacitors internally for longer life perfomance of the component and the superimposition of ripples between each output channel. Consequently with a maximum 400mV ripple per output channel, at -72V the ripple is potentially three times this value (1.2V). The ripple will always be additively superimposed since the output windings are synchronized.

To reduce ripple, external capacitors are recommended with a value of $1\mu F$ per channel (see figure 1). This typically reduces the ripple to 50mV per channel. Further ripple reduction can be achieved by use of series inductors on each output channel plus additional external capacitors to form a pi-filter with the internal capacitors of the device.

SLIC CIRCUITS

The primary application for the NMT series is in subscriber line interface circuits (SLIC's), particularly for the Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN). The NMT can also be used in standard telecommunications circuits where a local power source is preferred to the telephone system power due to either the power quality of the telecommunications system power supply or to avoid potential power line disturbances, such as lightening strikes and access switching, which will effect the target circuit function.

Another application area is in fibre-in-the-loop (FITL) or radio-in-the-loop (RITL) interfacing via a standard tele-communication SLIC, where the usual telecommunication battery voltage is not available due to the transmission media in use (fibre or radio). In particular, FITL/RITL interfaces directly on PC cards, in local monitor and boost circuits and at exchanges between the fibre/radio and wire media.

The supply rails can be used for ringing generators as well as SLIC circuits or where both are combined, such as in the AMD AM79R79 Ringing SLIC device (see figure 2). The -72V rail is used primarily for the generation of the ringing signal ($V_{BAT}1$), the -48V rail is used to supply in line access circuitry ($V_{BAT}2$) and the -24V supply for the on-chip regulator for the logic interface (V_{NEG}). Alternative devices from other manufacturers could use the -24V output for their internal circuit supply and -72V for ringing.

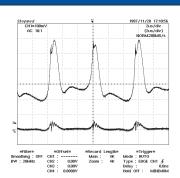


Figure 1. Vout3 Output Ripple Top: No external capacitors

Bottom: 1µF per channel external capacitors

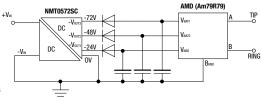


Figure 2. Supply for Ringing SLIC Device

TECHNICAL NOTES

ISOLATION VOLTAGE

'Hi Pot Test', 'Flash Tested', 'Withstand Voltage', 'Proof Voltage', 'Dielectric Withstand Voltage' & 'Isolation Test Voltage' are all terms that relate to the same thing, a test voltage, applied for a specified time, across a component designed to provide electrical isolation, to verify the integrity of that isolation.

SHINHOM Technologies NMT series of DC/DC converters are all 100% production tested at their stated isolation voltage. This is 1kVDC for 1 second.

A question commonly asked is, "What is the continuous voltage that can be applied across the part in normal operation?"

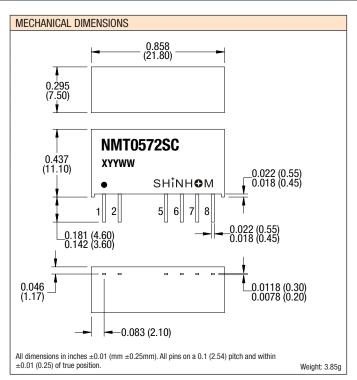
For a part holding no specific agency approvals, such as the NMT series, both input and output should normally be maintained within SELV limits i.e. less than 42.4V peak, or 60VDC. The isolation test voltage represents a measure of immunity to transient voltages and the part should never be used as an element of a safety isolation system. The part could be expected to function correctly with several hundred volts offset applied continuously across the isolation barrier; but then the circuitry on both sides of the barrier must be regarded as operating at an unsafe voltage and further isolation/insulation systems must form a barrier between these circuits and any user-accessible circuitry according to safety standard requirements.

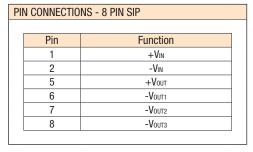
REPEATED HIGH-VOLTAGE ISOLATION TESTING

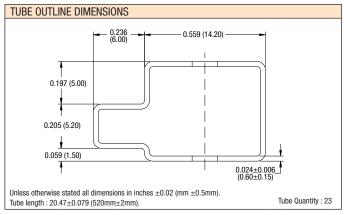
It is well known that repeated high-voltage isolation testing of a barrier component can actually degrade isolation capability, to a lesser or greater degree depending on materials, construction and environment. The NMT series has toroidal isolation transformers, with no additional insulation between primary and secondary windings of enameled wire. While parts can be expected to withstand several times the stated test voltage, the isolation capability does depend on the wire insulation. Any material, including this enamel (typically polyurethane) is susceptible to eventual chemical degradation when subject to very high applied voltages thus implying that the number of tests should be strictly limited. We therefore strongly advise against repeated high voltage isolation testing, but if it is absolutely required, that the voltage be reduced by 20% from specified test voltage.

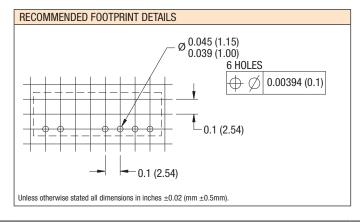
This consideration equally applies to agency recognized parts rated for better than functional isolation where the wire enamel insulation is always supplemented by a further insulation system of physical spacing or barriers.

PACKAGE SPECIFICATIONS









Rohs Compliant Information



This series is compatible with RoHS soldering systems with a peak wave solder temperature of 300°C for 10 seconds. The pin termination finish on this product series is Tin Plate, Hot Dipped over Matte Tin with Nickel Preplate. The series is backward compatible with Sn/Pb soldering systems.